## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# I

(ped/pod $=$ foot, feet, stand)

| Biped | a creature with two feet | Preapprove |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Centipede | a creature with 100 feet | Precaution |
| Impediment | something that stands in one's way; an <br> obstacle | Precede |
| Millipede | a creature with 1,000 feet | Predict |
| Pedal | a pever that is moved with one's foot <br> trying to sell a product | Prefix |
| Peddler | a person who walks across the street on foot <br> Pedestrian | Prejudge |
| Pedicure | a foot treatment that could include soaking <br> the feet and polishing the toenails | Pretest |
| Quadruped | a four-footed creature |  |
| Tripod | a three-footed stand often used to balance a <br> camera | Prevent |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# I

(pre = before, in advance)
to authorize or give permission in advance
a measure taken in advance to prevent harm
to come before something else in time, order, or rank
to say what will happen before it occurs
a syllable or word that comes before a root word to change its meaning
to make a decision before you have all the facts
to pay for something before it needs to be paid in full
a test before the real test; usually given to see what is already known
to stop something from happening before it occurs
to look at something before something or someone else

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 2

$($ man/manu $=$ hand $)$

| Emancipate | to set free; to lend a hand in freeing <br> someone; to release from someone's hands |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manacles | hand cuffs |
| Manager | a person who has the upper hand; who is in <br> charge of someone or something |
| Mandate | an order of command placed in one's hands |
| Maneuver | to handily or skillfully go around something |
| Manicure | a treatment for the hands and nails |
| Manipulate | a handbook; a book of directions |
| Manual | to make by hand or machine; to change raw <br> material into a new product |
| Manufacture | a handwritten piece of writing such as a book |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 2

(post = after)

| Postdate | to write on something a date that comes <br> after the real date |
| :--- | :--- |
| Postgraduate | a person who takes a college class after he <br> or she has already graduated |
| Posthumous | occurring or continuing after death; usually <br> related to a book that is published after the <br> author has died |
| Postindustrial | Ine time in society that came after the <br> Industrial Revolution |
| Postmark | a mark printed across a stamp after it is <br> received by the post office |
| Postmeridian | taking place after noon; p.m. |
| Postmortem | occurring or done after death; usually <br> related to an examination of the body after <br> it is dead |
| Postproduction | to do something at a time or date after it <br> was originally planned |
| the editing that is done after it was |  |
| originally planned |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 3

(spec = see, look, looking, watch)

| Circumspect | careful to look at all possibilities acting; cautious; aware of consequences | Monochrome |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inspect $\dagger$ | to look at carefully in search of flaws |  |
|  |  | Monocle |
| Introspection | the act of looking into one's own thoughts |  |
|  | and feelings | Monolingual |
| Perspective | one way of looking at things | Monolith |
| Respect | to look up to someone; to show honor |  |
|  |  | Monologue |
| Retrospective | looking back on past things |  |
|  |  | Monophobia |
| Spectacle | something displayed for the public to see |  |
| Spectacles | glasses that help someone see better | Monopoly |
| Speculate | to look at and think about something from different points of view | Monorail |
| Spectator | a person who watches something, such as a sporting event | Monosyllabic |
|  |  | Monotone |

having one color; a painting, design, photo, or outfit that is only one color or shades of one color
an eyeglass for one eye
speaking or writing only one language
something made out of one large single block or piece of stone
a long speech given by one person
an abnormal fear of being the only one there: fear of being alone
control of a product or service by one company
a track for subway or train cars that only has one rail
having only one syllable
a speech in which every word has only one tone of voice

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 4

$($ dict/dic $=$ speak, spoke, say, rule $)$

| Contradict | to speak against; to speak the opposite | Polychromatic | having many different colors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dictation | what is written down as someone says it | Polyclinic | a hospital that treats many different kinds of diseases |
| Dictator | a leader who speaks and rules with total power | Polydactyl | having many fingers or toes (more than the normal number) |
| Diction | the manner in which something is expressed in words (written or spoken) | Polyglot | a person who knows how to speak, read, or write many languages |
| Dictionary | a reference book in which spoken or written words are defined | Polygon | a closed plane figure with many straight lines that connect |
| Dictum | a judge's ruling or statement |  |  |
| Edict | public words issued by an official that explain a law or command | Polygraph | a machine that writes down many different changes in the body while the person answers questions |
| Indictment | formal words spoken or written by a jury that charge a person with crime | Polyhedron | a solid figure with many sides, such as a pyramid |
| Predict | to say what will happen before it occurs | Polymorphous | having or assuming many different forms |
| Verdict | the decision a jury makes in a trial; the decision said by the jury | Polysyllabic | having many syllables |
|  |  | Polytheism | the belief in many different gods |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 5

(ject = throw, thrown)

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 5

(uni = one)

| Dejected | to feel sad; to feel thrown down in spirit | Unicellular | having only one cell |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eject | to throw out | Unicorn | a horse-like fabled animal that has one horn growing out of the middle of its forehead |
| Injection | a shot; the throwing of medicine into the body by a needle | Unicycle | a one-wheeled vehicle on which the rider sits and pedals |
| Interjection | a word thrown into a sentence or conversation | Unidirectional | moving in only one direction |
| Jettison | to throw goods overboard to lighten the load on a boat or an airplane | Unify | to join together into one group |
| Projectile | an object thrown into the air with great force | Unilateral | a discussion in which only one person talks and listens |
|  |  | Unique | one of a kind; unusual or rare |
| Projector | a machine that throws images onto a wall |  |  |
| Reject | to throw something out because it's defective and can't be used again | Unison | an instance of saying the same words or sounds at the same time; a group that sounds like one |
| Subject | to throw oneself under someone else's rule | Unit | one group |
| Trajectory | the curved path of an object thrown into space | Unitard | a one-piece leotard and tights combination |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 6

> (sect = cut, separate)

| Bisect | to cut into two pieces | Bicolor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dissect | to cut apart for the purpose of investigation |  |
| a class of small arthropod animals that has |  |  |
| three separate sections to their bodies: |  |  |
| head, thorax, abdomen |  |  |
| Intersection | and cut across each other <br> the point at which two lines or roads meet <br> Section | Bicuspid <br> Sector | | a couch that is made up of separate pieces |
| :--- |
| a separate part of society, group, or area |
| Transect |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 6

(bi = two)
having two different colors
a two-pointed tooth located in the side of the jaw
happening every two years
a vehicle with two wheels
eyeglasses with lenses that have two different sections for seeing close up and far away
able to speak two different languages
happening every two months
a two-footed creature
an airplane with two pairs of wings
happening every two weeks

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 7

(port = carry, bring, bear)

| Deport | to carry or send away from a country; to <br> banish <br> to bring out of the country | Triangle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Export | to bring into the country | Triathlon |
| Portable | capable of being easily carried <br> the route over which boats and supplies are <br> carried overland from one lake or river to <br> another | Triceratops |
| Portage | an attendant who carries travelers' luggage <br> for them | Trilateral |
| Porter | a case for carrying loose papers <br> Peptfolio | a collection of writing that carries <br> information to be shared again with someone <br> new | | Trilogy |
| :--- |
| Support | | to bear the weight of something |
| :--- |
| Transport |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 7

(tri = three)

| Triangle | a three-sided figure |
| :--- | :--- |
| Triathlon | a race that combines three activities; <br> swimming, bicycling, and running |
| Triceratops | a dinosaur with three horns; two horns above <br> the eyes and one short horn on the nose |
| Tricycle | a vehicle with three wheels |
| Trilateral | having or involving three sides, countries, or <br> parties |
| Trilingual | able to speak three different languages <br> three related plays or novels |
| Trilogy | a group of three people or things |
| Trio | a three-legged stool, table, or stand used to <br> hold things such as a camera |
| Tripod | to cut into three parts |
| Trisect |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 8

( $\mathrm{mis} / \mathrm{mit}=$ send, $\operatorname{sent}$ )

| Admit | to send someone in; to allow someone to enter |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dismiss | to send someone out; to let someone leave |
| Emit | to send out or give off; such as odor |
| Intermission | a break between acts of a play or performance during which people are sent out for snacks or stretch breaks |
| Missile | a weapon designed to be sent in the direction of a target |
| Mission | a special duty or function which a person or group is sent out to do |
| Omit | to leave out; to not send |
| Remit | to send back; usually related to paying bills |
| Submit | to send yourself under someone else's control; to give in to someone else's power |
| Transmit | to send something across places; to pass along |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 8

(quad = four)

| Quadrangle | a four-sided enclosure usually surrounded by <br> buildings |
| :--- | :--- |
| Quadrant | one out of four equal parts of a circle; one <br> section of a four-section coordinate grid |
| Quadrennial | happening every four years |
| Quadriceps | a muscle group consisting of four muscles <br> that is located along the front of the thigh |
| Quadrilateral | a plane figure in geometry that has four <br> sides including square, rectangle, rhombus, <br> parallelogram, and trapezoid |
| Quadrilingual | able to speak four different languages |
| Quadrisect | to cut or divide into four equal parts |
| Quadruped | an animal with four feet |
| Quadruple | to create four times as much or as many of <br> something |
| Quadruplet | a collection of four; one of four babies born <br> from the same mother at the same time |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 9

(graph = writing, written, record)
\(\left.\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { Autobiography } & \begin{array}{l}\text { writing about a person's life; written by that } \\
\text { person }\end{array} \\
\text { Autograph } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the writing of one's own name }\end{array} \\
\text { Bibliography } \\
\text { the written list of all the books used in a } \\
\text { report or book }\end{array}
$$\right] $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { mapmaking; the writing involved in making } \\
\text { maps or charts }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}a word written the same way as another word <br>
but having a different meaning; bow-hair and <br>

bow-ship\end{array}\right\}\)| a section of writing that has a topic and |
| :--- |
| concluding sentence |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 9

(co/com = together, with)
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { Coexist } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to live together without any problems; to be } \\ \text { together in the same time or space }\end{array} \\ \text { Cohesive } & \begin{array}{l}\text { sticking together }\end{array} \\ \text { Coincidence } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a sequence of events happening together } \\ \text { that although accidental seems to have been } \\ \text { planned or arranged }\end{array} \\ \text { Combine } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to put two things together }\end{array} \\ \text { Commiserate feel sorry for someone, something, or a } \\ \text { situation; to feel pity; to get together with } \\ \text { someone to feel sadness }\end{array}\right\}$

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 10

(scrib/script = write, written, writing)

| Describe | to say or write down how something looks; to <br> use adjectives in writing |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inscription | a short dedication written in a book or <br> engraved on something such as a coin or <br> monument |
| Manuscript | a piece of writing; a book |
| Postscript | a short bit of writing added after a letter is <br> finished; p.s. |
| Srescription | lets you get medicine at the pharmacy |
| Sloppy writing that is hard to read |  |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 10

(contra/counter = against, opposite)

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# ||

(cred = belief, believe, believable)
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { Accreditation } & \begin{array}{l}\text { granting approval or belief in a school } \\
\text { Credential }\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{ll}\text { a document that proves a person is } \\
\text { believable }\end{array} \\
\text { Credible } & \begin{array}{l}\text { believable; reliable }\end{array} \\
\text { Credit } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to believe that someone will do something }\end{array}
$$ <br>
a person who believes that he will be paid <br>

back the money that he loaned\end{array}\right]\)| tending to believe too easily; easily |
| :--- |
| convinced; easily fooled |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# II

(sub = under, below)

| Subconscious | not fully aware; occurring below your level of <br> thinking and awareness |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subcutaneous | under the skin |
| Subdue | to bring under control |
| Subfreezing | below the freezing point |
| Subirrigate | to water something from under the ground |
| Subject | to put under someone else's control |
| Submarine | a watercraft that stays under water <br> Submerge under water |
| Subordinate | a person who is under someone else in rank or <br> importance |
| Subway | a passageway under the ground; an electric <br> underground railway |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 12

(jur/jus/jud = law, justice, fair, right, prove)

| Abjure | to give up rights; to recant | Superb | splendid; excellent; beyond the expected |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Judge | a person chosen to interpret laws, decide on a winner, or settle a controversy | Superimpose | to lay or place something over something else |
| Jurisdiction | the territory or land in which justice and laws are administered and followed | Superintendent | a person with the highest power; power |
|  |  |  | above everyone else's |
|  |  | Superior | above average in quality; excellent |
| Juris $\dagger$ | an expert in law |  |  |
|  |  | Supervisor | a person who stands over or above someone |
| Jury | a group of people sworn to abide by the laws to determine the truth |  | in rank; a manager in charge of someone else |
| Just | lawful; fair | Surcharge | an amount of money (charge) over and above what is already being paid |
| Justice | fairness; rightfulness | Surplus | a quantity or amount over and above what is actually needed; extra |
| Justification | the fact that is said to prove that something is true | Surprise | something that is beyond what is expected |
| Justify | to prove; to offer | Surreal | beyond what is real or believable; bizarre |
| Perjury | to break the law by lying; to break a formal promise; to break an oath | Surtax | an extra tax beyond the normal tax |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 13

(ben/bene/bon = good, well)

| Benediction | a good blessing in a religious service | Uncertain | not sure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benefactor | a good person who offers help or donates money | Uncommon | rare; not the usual; remarkable |
|  |  | Unconscious | not within thought; not awake |
| Beneficial | having a good outcome; favorable |  |  |
|  |  | Undecided | not yet at the point of making a decision |
| Beneficiary | a person who receives something good from someone else such as an inheritance | Unexpected | not what someone thought would happen; not predicted |
| Benefit | to gain or receive good results from something | Unmistakable | clear; cannot be understood the wrong way; not able to be confused or misunderstood |
| Benevolent | kind; good-hearted |  |  |
|  |  | Unnecessary | not required |
| Benign | favorable; having a good effect; not harmful |  |  |
|  |  | Untidy | messy; not neat; not organized |
| Bonafide | in good faith; authentic; genuine; real |  |  |
|  |  | Unwise | not smart |
| Bonus | anything good that is received over and |  |  |
|  | beyond what was expected (usually money) | Unworthy | not deserving; not having any value |
| Bon Voyage | French for "have a good trip" |  |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# I4

( $\mathrm{mal} / \mathrm{male}=\mathrm{bad}, \mathrm{abnormal}$, worse $)$
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { Dismal } & \begin{array}{l}\text { depressing; causing gloom or misery; causing } \\ \text { bad feelings }\end{array} & \text { Disadvantage } & \text { an unfavorable situation that is not good } \\ \text { Malady } & \begin{array}{l}\text { bad health; illness; sickness } \\ \text { Malaria } \\ \text { bad air; a disease usually spread by infected } \\ \text { mosquitos }\end{array} & \text { Disappoint } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Disagreement } \\ \text { a quarrel; not able to come to an agreement; } \\ \text { not of the same opinion }\end{array} \\ \text { to let someone down; to not make someone } \\ \text { proud or satisfied }\end{array}\right]$ to end something; to not use anymore; cease

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 15

(bio = life, live, living)

| Antibiotic | a medicine used to save lives because it destroys harmful bacteria and cures infections | Interactive | involving people playing among themselves; an exchange of activity or information between people or people and a computer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autobiography | a piece of writing written by a person about his or her own life | Interfere | to get in between two people when it is not your problem or issue |
| Biography | a piece of writing about a person's life written by someone else | Interject | to throw a remark into a conversation between two or more people |
| Biologist | a person who studies living things | Intermission | the break between parts of a play, opera, or concert |
| Biology | the study of living things |  |  |
|  |  | International | between or among the nations of the world |
| Biosphere | the zone of planet Earth where there is life (between the deep crust and lower atmosphere) | Internet | the worldwide computer system that allows communication and information sharing among people |
| Biopsy | the removal of living tissue from the body for diagnostic examination | Interpersonal | between people (usually describing social activities) |
| Macrobiotic Diet | a diet thought to help people live longer because it focuses on natural foods | Interpreter | a person who helps translate the languages between different people |
| Neurobiology | the study of the nervous system of living things and how it helps the living things learn and react | Interrupt | to break into a conversation between people |
| Symbiosis | how two different living organisms live together and depend on each other | Interstate | between the states |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 16

(vit/viv = live, living, life)

| Revitalize | to bring something back after it declined in <br> condition or popularity; to breathe new life <br> into something |
| :--- | :--- |
| Revive | to bring back to life again |
| Survival | the ability to continue living |
| Survivor | a person who lives through a difficult event <br> or experience |
| Vital | necessary or essential to life |
| Vitality | quality or state of being full of life; state of <br> being full of energy |
| Vitamin | a tablet of substances that are thought to <br> promote a healthy life |
| Vivacious | full of life; fun; lively; animated |
| Vivid | "as big as life"; brightly colored; daring |
| Vivisection | surgery on living animals; medical research <br> that involves cutting into animals to study <br> organs, parts, or diseases |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 16

(intra $=$ within, inside)

| Intracellular | existing within the cells |
| :--- | :--- |
| Intradermal | within the layers of the skin |
| Intragalactic | within the galaxy |
| Intramural | involving students from within the same <br> school |
| Intranasal | within the nose |
| Intraocular | within the eye |
| Intrapersonal | existing or occurring within your own mind |
| Intrapsychic | within the mind |
| Intrastate | within the state |
| Intravenous | within the veins |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 17

(flect/flex = bend, bending, bent)

| Circumflex | to bend around or curve |
| :--- | :--- |
| Deflect | to turn or move to one side; to bend; to <br> swerve |
| Flexible | capable of bending without breaking |
| Flexor | a muscle that bends a part of the body, such or a leg <br> as and |
| Inflection | not capable of being bent without breaking <br> does not sound boring or within only one tone |
| Inflexible | to bend or throw back light or heat; to fold <br> or turn back |
| Reflect | ne image in a mirror that is a result of <br> bending light when it is thrown back |
| Reflex Angle | an angle that is greater than 180 degrees <br> because the angle is bent beyond the <br> straight line |
| Retroflex | bent or turned backward |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 17

(circ/circum = round, around)

| Circle | a round shape that has no beginning or end |
| :--- | :--- |
| Circlet | a small circle; a ring or round band worn as an <br> ornament, especially on the head |
| Circuit | a path for an electrical current to flow <br> around |
| Circulate | to move around an area or a place, often <br> returning to a starting point |
| Circumference | the distance all the way around a circle |
| Circumflex | bending around; curved |
| Circumnavigate | to go completely around |
| Circumrotate | to turn around like a wheel |
| Circumspect | careful; careful to look all around before <br> doing something |
| Circumvent | to prevent something from happening by <br> careful thinking; to get around something: to <br> entrap |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 18

(frail/fract/frag = break, broken, shatter)

| Fractals | the type of geometry that creates broken <br> patterns out of a smaller version of a design |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fraction | a part of a whole; a broken piece of <br> something that is no longer whole |
| Fracture | a break in a part of the body |
| Fragile | so delicate that it could break easily; easily <br> damaged |
| Fragment | an incomplete sentence; a break in a <br> sentence |
| Fragmented | describes something that is broken into <br> pieces |
| Frail | being easily broken or destroyed |
| Infraction | a broken rule; a violation |
| Refract | to bend light so that it looks like it is broken |
| Suffrage | to break into an issue; to vote |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 18

(trans = across; through)
\(\left.\begin{array}{ll}Transatlantic across the Atlantic Ocean <br>

Transcontinental \& across a continent\end{array}\right\}\)| Transcribe | to write across languages; to translate |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transect | to cut across or divide by cutting |
| Transfer | to move from one place to another; to move <br> across places |
| Translate | to cut through any language barrier by <br> changing one language to another |
| Translucent | clear; light can pass through; see through but <br> not perfectly clear |
| Transparent | perfectly clear; obvious; light shows clearly <br> through |
| Transpiration | the process of giving off moisture through <br> pores of skin or through the surface of <br> leaves and plants |
| Transport | to carry from one place to another; to carry <br> through an area |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 19

(junct/join/jug $=$ join, meet, link, connect)

| Conjoined | joined together; combined; united | Malady |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Malefactor |
| Conjugate | to join together or match a correct verb in grammar |  |
|  |  | Malevolent |
| Conjunction | a word that joins two phrases or sentences |  |
|  |  | Malfeasance |
| Disjointed | not connected; having no flow in thinking |  |
| Join | to get together or meet; to become included | Malfunction |
| Joint | a place or part of the body where two bones join together, usually so they can move | Malice |
| Joint Committee | a committee with members from both the |  |
|  | Senate and the House of Representatives who join together and meet to discuss issues | Malignant |
| Jugular | a vein that carries blood back to the heart | Malnutrition |
|  | from the head; a vein that joins the head and the heart |  |
|  |  | Malodorous |
| Junction | the place where two highways or two sets of |  |
|  | railroad tracks cross or join | Malpractice |
| Rejoin | to meet or get together again |  |

(mal = bad, badly, wrong, ill)
a sickness or illness; bad health
a person who does the wrong thing; an evil person
wishing evil or bad will for others; mean
bad conduct or wrongdoing by a public official
to function imperfectly or badly; fail to operate normally
a desire to do something bad to someone else; doing something that is wrong on purpose
very bad or harmful; likely to cause death
a poor diet; bad eating habits that result in poor health
stinky; having a bad smell
an instance of bad conduct or treatment from a doctor or other professional

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 20

(rupt = to break, broken)

| Abrupt | sudden; unexpected; broken into what is expected | Misbehave | to act out badly or in the wrong way |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bankrup $\dagger$ | to be out of money; financially ruined; to "break the bank" | Mischievous | tending to make minor bad choices; teasing: full of tricks; naughty |
| Corrupt | evil; dishonest; to break away from honesty | Miserable | feeling badly; the condition of feeling unhappy |
| Corruptible | able to be influenced into doing something that breaks away from the rules; able to | Misfortune | bad luck |
|  | become bad | Misjudge | to make a wrong or unfair decision about someone |
| Disrupt | to break up; to cause confusion |  |  |
| Disruption |  | Mislead | to guide someone in the wrong direction; to |
|  | something that breaks someone's concentration; bothersome; annoying |  | be a bad influence |
|  |  | Misspell | to spell a word the wrong way |
| Erupt | to explode; to break out with force |  |  |
|  |  | Mistake | a bad or wrong decision; error |
| Interrupt | to break into someone's conversation |  |  |
|  |  | Mistreat | to treat someone badly |
| Interruption | something that breaks up what you were |  |  |
|  | doing; an unplanned event that breaks up an activity | Misunderstood | to think the wrong thing about what was communicated |
| Rupture | to burst or break open (usually a body part) |  |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 21

(cede/ceed/cess = go, yield)

| Accessible | able to go into, enter, or approach | Recheck |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accessory | an article or item worn with an outfit that "goes with" or matches the outfit | Reclosable |
|  |  | Reelect |
| Concede | to yield to an opponent that one has lost; to |  |
|  | give in; to admit that something is true and valid | Refund |
| Exceed | to go or be beyond the limit or expectations | Reimburse |
| Intercede | to mediate; to go between people to help them reach an agreement | Remember |
| Precede | to go before something else in time, order, place, or rank | Renew |
|  |  | Repeat |
| Proceed | to keep on going; to go ahead with something; |  |
|  | to move along | Respond |
| Recede | to go or move back | Revive |
| Recess | the time during which people go out to take a break |  |
| Successor | a person who goes after someone else (usually related to a person taking over a job that is of higher rank) |  |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 21

( $\mathrm{re}=$ again, back)

| Recheck | to look at something again |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reclosable | able to be sealed or shut again |
| Reelect | to vote someone into office again |
| Refund | money that is given back; money that is yours <br> again |
| Reimburse | to give money back; to pay back |
| Remember | to bring back to mind; to have in your <br> thoughts again |
| Renew | to make something new again |
| Repeat | to answer back; to talk again |
| Respond | to bring back to life; to be alive again |

able to be sealed or shut again
to vote someone into office again
money that is given back; money that is yours again
to give money back; to pay back
to bring back to mind; to have in your thoughts again
to make something new again
to say something again
to bring back to life; to be alive again

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 22

(vers/vent = turn)

| Anniversary | the date on which an event occurs every <br> year; every year an event turns a year older | Symbiosis |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Conversation | a discussion that switches from one person to <br> another; a discussion that "turns back and forth" <br> to turn or change your beliefs or way of <br> thinking | Symmetry |
| Convert | to divide up money into different investments so <br> that if one area turns for the worse then you will <br> be protected | Symposium |
| Diversion | something that turns your attention off of <br> what you are thinking about | Symptoms |
| Extrovert | a person who turns his or her attention <br> outward toward other people | Synagogue |
| Introvert | a person who turns his or her attention <br> inward toward himself or herself; a shy <br> person | Syndicate |
| Subvert | to turn or flip in the opposite direction <br> Revert | to turn back to a previous action or thought; <br> to go back in thought or speech; to give back <br> to corrupt or undermine; to turn against <br> established authority |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 22

(sym/syn = together, same)
\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { Symbiosis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a relationship between two different } \\
\text { organisms that live together and depend on } \\
\text { each other }\end{array} \\
\text { Symmetry } \\
\text { having the same shape, size, and position on } \\
\text { both sides of a dividing line }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}Sympathy <br>
feeling kindness together with someone who <br>

suffers; pity; commiseration; compassion\end{array}\right\}\)| a conference or meeting together to discuss |
| :--- |
| a topic |
| Symptoms |
| Sye conditions that together tell a doctor |
| what is wrong |

a relationship between two different organisms that live together and depend on each other
having the same shape, size, and position on both sides of a dividing line
feeling kindness together with someone who suffers; pity; commiseration; compassion
a conference or meeting together to discuss a topic
the conditions that together tell a doctor what is wrong
a place for meeting together for worship and religious instruction in the Jewish faith
a group of business people working together
a word that has the same meaning as another word genuine; fake

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 23

(tract = pull)

| Abstract | pulled away from direction relation to anything; impersonal as in attitude and views | Hypoallergenic | less likely to cause allergies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attract | to pull into something; to pull into oneself | Hypocrisy | the practice of being less than genuine; pretending to be someone you are not |
| Contract | to pull together to make smaller in size or bulk; to pull inward; opposite of expand | Hypodermic | under the skin |
|  |  | Hypogeal | located below the surface of the ground |
| Distract | to pull a person's attention in another direction | Hypoglassal | under the tongue |
| Extract | to pull out by force | Hypoglycemia | an abnormally low level of sugar in the blood; a blood sugar level below what is needed for |
| Protract | to pull out; to make something take longer; to prolong |  | healthy blood |
|  |  | Hypotension | having blood pressure below what is normal |
| Retraction | a statement or promise that is pulled back or taken back | Hypothermia | a temperature below the normal body temperature; low body heat |
| Subtract | to pull some out, therefore having less left |  |  |
|  | over | Hypothesis | an idea that is under investigation |
| Traction | a pull to the arm or leg muscles to bring a bone back into place when it is dislocated or fractured | Hypothyroidism | a disorder caused by a thyroid gland that is slower and less productive than normal |
| Tractor | a powerful vehicle that pulls farm machines and hauls heavy loads |  |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 24

(struct = build, built)

| Construction | what is built; buildings that are created or <br> produced |
| :--- | :--- |
| Destruction | the act of taking down or destroying <br> something that was built |
| Infrastructure | the parts of a city on which the rest of the <br> city was built around; roads, communication, <br> transportation, and schools |
| Instruct | to build knowledge |
| Instructor | a person who helps someone build knowledge |
| Misconstrue | to build the wrong meaning; to <br> misunderstand; to interpret the wrong way |
| Obstruction | something that blocks the way of things <br> being created or built; something in the way |
| Reconstruct | to build again |
| Substructure | the base, support, or foundation of a building |
| Superstructure | something built on top of something else; the <br> part of the building that was built on top of <br> the foundation or base |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 24

(hyper = over, beyond, high)

| Hyperactive | overly active; abnormally busy <br> Hyperbole |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hypercritical | an overstated comment; exaggeration critical; harsh in judgment; hard to <br> please |
| Hyperextend | to injure a body part (knee, elbow) by <br> bending it beyond how far it should normally <br> bend |
| Hyperglycemia | abnormally high level of sugar in the blood |
| Hypersensitive | overly sensitive; sensitivity beyond what is <br> normal |
| Hypertension | abnormally high blood pressure; having blood <br> pressure over what is normal |
| Hypothyroidism | very high fever; body temperature over and <br> above what is normal and healthy |
| Hyperventilate disorder caused by a thyroid gland that is |  |
| faster than normal and overly productive; |  |
| results in a rapid pulse, nervousness, and loss |  |
| of weight |  |$\quad$| to breathe rapidly and deeply; to breathe |
| :--- |
| beyond normal or what is necessary |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 25

(therm = heat, temperature, warm)

| Endothermic | heated from within the body |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Exothermic | requires heat to be absorbed from outside <br> of the body | Acceptable |
| Therm | Detachable |  |
| Thermal of heat equal to 1,000 great calories |  |  |
| Thermodynamic | caused or operated by heat that has changed <br> into different forms of energy | Imaginable |
| Thermograph | a device that automatically writes down <br> (records) changes in temperature | Honorable |
| Thermometer | an instrument that measures temperature or <br> heat | Refundable |
| Thermophile | an organism that has adapted to living in very <br> high temperatures (heat), such as bacteria <br> or algae | Renewable |
| Thermos | a container that is used to keep things warm, <br> such as your soup; a double-walled container <br> that keeps things warm | Washable |

a device used to control the temperature

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 25

(-able = able to be)
able to be received the way it is; worthy; satisfactory
able to be unfastened, taken apart, or separated
able to be a person of honor; worthy; of high rank; worthy of respect
able to be imagined or thought of
able to be laughed at; amusing; funny
able to be carried from one place to another
able to have money given back again
able to be created again
able to be fixed
able to be laundered or washed

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 26

(socio = companion, friend, friendship, group)

| Antisocial | against the basic rules of a group; harmful to <br> the people in a group |
| :--- | :--- |
| Associate | a fellow worker or friend (usually related to <br> an office) |
| Association | group of people who have gathered based on <br> similar goals or beliefs |
| Disassociate | to break ties with a group; to end a <br> friendship; to sever a relationship |
| Social | friendly; a person who enjoys companions |
| Socialite | a person who is important or of high rank <br> within a specific, usually fashionable group |
| Sociogram | a diagram that represents each person's <br> friends in a classroom |
| Sociology | the study of how people get along |
| Sociopath | a person who suffers from an antisocial <br> mental disorder |
| Unsocial | not social; having or showing dislike for <br> others in a group |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 26

(-less = without)

| Breathless | without breath; out of breath |
| :--- | :--- |
| Effortless | without having to try; easy |
| Fearless | without fear; not afraid |
| Motionless | without movement; still |
| Odorless | without a smell |
| Penniless | without money; poor |
| Reckless | without responsibility; careless |
| Speechless | without getting tired; persistent |
| Tireless | without value; not worth anything |
| Worthless |  |

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 27

(phon, phono, phone $=$ sound, voice)

| Cacophony | harsh sounds; bad noise | Anthropology |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dysphonia | difficulty producing speech sounds, usually due to hoarseness | Biology |
|  |  | Cardiology |
| Euphonic | having a nice sound; pleasant combination of sounds in words | Dermatology |
| Gramophone | a device used to play the sounds of music written on records | Ecology |
|  |  | Geology |
| Homophone | a word that has the same sound, but a different meaning as another word |  |
|  |  | Graphology |
| Megaphone | a large funnel-shaped device used to make the voice sound louder by directing sound |  |
|  | waves straight out to listeners (cheer teams) | Psychology |
| Microphone | a device used to make small voices sound larger, especially in a big room | Sociology |
|  |  | Zoology |
| Phonics | the sounds that letters make and the letters that are used to represent sounds |  |
| Phonology | the study of speech sounds in language |  |
| Saxophone | a woodwind instrument that sends out sounds through its curved, metal body |  |

## Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 27

(-ology = study of)
the study of humans
the study of life and living things
the study of the heart
the study of the skin
the study of the environment
the study of the physical nature, structure, and history of the earth
the study of handwriting and how it relates to a person's character
the study of the mind
the study of how people interact
the study of animals

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 28

(strain, strict, string = bind, bound, tie, draw tight)

| Astringent | a substance used on skin to make the skin tight | Ailurophobia | fear of cats |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Arachnophobia | fear of spiders |
| Boa constrictor | a snake that kills its prey by squeezing it |  |  |
|  | tightly | Acrophobia | fear of heights |
| Constrict | to hold in; to make smaller; to squeeze or bind to make smaller | Graphophobia | fear of writing |
|  |  | Hemophobia | fear of blood |
| District | a region or area that is bound together by |  |  |
|  | specific rules, laws, resources, and/or money | Hydrophobia | fear of water |
| Restrain | to hold back; to keep under control; to limit; to draw tight by force | Ornithophobia | fear of birds |
|  |  | Photophobia | fear of light |
| Restricted | bound by limits; kept within certain rules |  |  |
|  |  | Xenophobia | fear of strangers or foreigners |
| Strain | to draw or stretch tight beyond the normal |  |  |
|  | limits | Zoophobia | fear of animals |
| Strainer | a device used for letting the water leave the food so the food is drawn together |  |  |
| String | a thin piece of twisted fiber that can be used to tie things together |  |  |
| Stringent | demanding strict attention to rules; rigid; having a tight set of rules |  |  |

Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 29
(terr, terra, geo = land; earth)

| Extraterrestrial | out of this world; above and beyond what is found on planet Earth | Centenarian |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dictator |
| Geode | a hollow stone found on the earth that is lined on the inside with crystals |  |
|  |  | Governor |
| Geographer | a person who studies the regions of the earth, including the climates and natural | Inventor |
| Geography | the science of the earth that deals with the regions or places on the planet's surfaces | Juror |
| Geology | the study of the earth, specifically rocks and the planet's crust |  |
| Mediterranean | almost or completely surrounded by land | Legislator |
| Subterranean | under the surface of the earth; underground | Librarian |
| Terra cotta | baked earth; hard, brownish-red pottery | Octogenarian |
| Terrace | a raised, flat mound of earth (dirt) that looks like a platform with sloping sides | Translator |
| Territory | an area, region, or piece of land |  |
|  |  | Veterinarian |

Prefix/Suffix Vocabulary List \# 29
(-ian, -or = a person who)
a person who is at least 100 years old
a person who tells people what to do without giving them choices
a person who manages the political actions of a state; a state leader
a person who creates something that has never before been created
a person who is a member of a jury that listens to both sides of a law case in a courtroom to decide if the defendant is guilty or innocent
a person who makes laws
a person who works in a library
a person who is between 80 and 90 years old
a person who changes one language into another; a person who "cuts across" the language barrier
a person who is a doctor of animal science

## Greek/Latin Vocabulary List \# 30

(naut, naus, nav = relating to the sea, ships, or travelers)

| Argonaut | a person who took part in the California Gold Rush by traveling west in search of gold from 18481849 | Annoyance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Convenience |
| Astronaut | a person who is trained to travel into outer space |  |
| Circumnavigate | to travel around the earth on water or in the air | Defiance |
| Cosmonaut | a Soviet who is trained to travel into outer space |  |
| Nauseous | affected with a feeling of sickness in the stomach that feels like sea sickness | Diligence |
| Nautical | related to sailing, sailors, or ships | Dominance |
| Navigable | wide or deep enough for ships to be able to pass through | Elegance |
| Navigate | to steer or direct a ship or airplane |  |
|  |  | Patience |
| Navigator | a person who is trained to plan the course of and drive a ship |  |
|  |  | Perseverance |
| Navy | a fleet of ships; all the warships of a nation |  |
|  |  | Radiance |
|  |  | Tolerance |

